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Euro adoption

On joining the EU, the Czech Republic undertook to adopt the single European currency – the euro. The main principles of euro adoption are described in **The Czech Republic's Euro-area Accession Strategy (pdf, 47 kB)**. In line with this strategy, the Government and the CNB regularly assess whether the Czech Republic is ready for euro adoption. The conclusions of this assessment are summarised in the **Assessment of the Fulfilment of the Maastricht Convergence Criteria and the Degree of Economic Alignment of the Czech Republic with the Euro Area**. In this context, the CNB performs detailed analyses once a year, which it publishes in the **Analyses of the Czech Republic's Current Economic Alignment with the Euro Area**.

Alignment Analyses and Assessment

In addition to the traditional analyses, the 2025 Alignment Analyses (pdf, 1.8 MB) have been supplemented with five thematic chapters. The first thematic chapter examines the current institutional developments in the euro area and the European Union. The second chapter analyses economic synchronisation between EU countries in light of the events of recent years. The third focuses on the euroisation of the Czech economy from the perspective of corporate financing. The fourth analyses the effect of the exchange rate on the competitiveness of the Czech economy. The final thematic chapter looks for the factors that caused different pass-through of recent shocks to inflation in different European countries.

Further update of the joint Assessment document is to be submitted to the Czech Government by the end of March 2030. In the Assessment (pdf, 1.6 MB) prepared in April 2025, the Ministry of Finance and the CNB recommended that the Czech government not set a target date for euro area entry for the time being. The Czech Republic did not meet two of the required four Maastricht convergence criteria in 2024. Compared to previous years, no substantial progress has been made as regards the Czech Republic's economic preparedness for euro adoption. The real economic convergence of the Czech Republic towards the euro area has almost stalled since 2020, with the process of real convergence having resumed only recently. Moreover, there are still large differences in the structure of economies. Unresolved domestic structural issues related to the current economic model and future challenges (population ageing, infrastructure investment) pose a significant risk. On the other hand, the high degree of openness of the Czech economy and its close trade and ownership links with the euro area are key positive factors. The institutions and rules of the euro area have changed over recent years, and discussions on further deepening integration are still ongoing. The future potential financial and non-financial



commitments relating to the Czech Republic's entry into the euro area thus cannot be reliably estimated at the moment.

2025

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» [Analyses of the alignment \(pdf, 1.8 MB\) – December 2025](#)

» [Methodological annex to the Analyses of the Czech Republic's current economic alignment with the euro area \(pdf, 893 kB\) – December 2025](#)

» [Assessment \(pdf, 1.6 MB\) – April 2025](#)

2024

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2023

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2022

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2021

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2020

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2019

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2018

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2017

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2016

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2015

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2014

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2013

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2012

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2011	+
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2010 and older	+
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Source documents

2007	×
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» [The Czech Republic's Updated Euro-area Accession Strategy \(pdf, 47 kB\)](#) – August 2007

2003	+
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2002	+
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